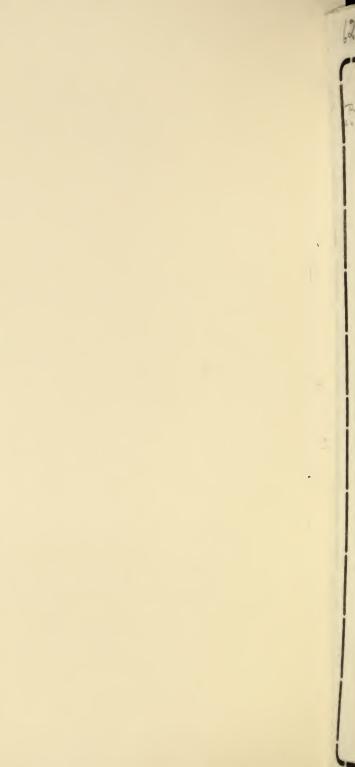
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

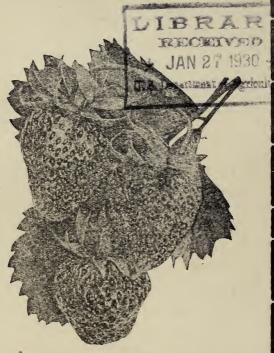


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THE PARK NO

BERRY PLANTS

Prices in Small and Large quantities



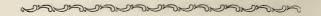
Mastodon Everbearing

Richards Nursery

AND

Berry Gardens

CHINO, CALIFORNIA



TIME TO PLANT

Early spring is the most logical, natural, and most successful and satisfactory time for planting all berry plants. December, January and February are best months, whenever the weather permits, and also have the benefit of the rains.

CULTURE METHODS

We give only general directions for planting of different varieties. Will be pleased to give any information in regards to culture methods.

We do not carry large varieties of berry plants. What we have listed we recommend. We advertise only the best varieties that will bring the best results for commercial and home planting.

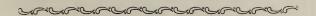
PRICES

STRAWBERRIES-

Spring Varieties 100	1000
Carolina or Missionary\$1.00	\$ 7.00
Improved Klondike 1.00	7.00
New Oregon 1.00	7.00
Banner 1.00	7.00
Everbearing 100	1000
Mastodon\$2.00	\$15.00
Champion 1.50	10.00
Progressive 1.50	10.00

Write for prices for 5,000 or more.

We recommend in planting spring varieties in rows 2½ to 3½ feet apart, plants should be planted in rows from 15 to 24 inches, depending upon the amount of ground you have to spare. Everbearing varieties should be set in row 2 feet apart and 12 inches in the rows. In planting do not cover the crown of the plants with earth, and provision should be made for running irrigation down the rows. Remove all runners at all times unless they are needed to fill rows, or to furnish new plants. Constant irrigation is needed during the growing and bearing season if good berries are to be secured.



YOUNGBERRIES

The Youngberry is becoming one of the leading bush berries for commercial and home planting, a very hardy grower, and is more prolific in growing and bearing than any cane berry we have. The Youngberry is a cross between a Loganberry

and Dewberry. Youngberry should be planted from 6 to 8 feet in the rows, and in rows 7 feet apart. If your vines have made vigorous growth it would be advisable to use three wires so as to support the vines and berries.

YOUNGBERRIES-

	Each	10	100
Transplants—2 yr. No.1	-\$.40	\$3.00	\$25.00
No.2	.25	2.00	15.00
Tips—1 yr		1.00	5.00
Tips—1 yr. Per 1000			\$35.00

We also have listed Youngberry transplants, 2 year plants. These plants, if properly taken care of, will bear from 3 to 4 boxes of good berries the first season.

LOGANBERRIES-

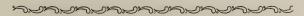
		10	100	1000
Improved Lo	ogan	\$1.00	\$4.00	\$35.00

DEWBERRIES-

	10	100	1000
Gardena	\$1.00	\$4.00	\$25.00
Lucretia	1.00	4.00	25.00

Loganberries and Dewberries, which also are trellis growing berries, are not such strong growers as the Youngberry, but do well in most any section, and are very good marketing berries. They should be planted 5 feet in the rows, and in rows 6 feet apart. The bearing wood should be removed each year, soon after the crop is harvested.

500 lots at 1000 rates



RASPBERRIES-

	10	100	1000
St. Regis Everbearing	\$.50	\$3.00	\$25.00
California Surprise	.50	3.00	25.00
Cuthberts	.50	3.00	25.00
St. Regis Transplants, No. 1			

Each 10 100 .25 \$1.50 \$10.00

Raspberries will do well on almost any soil of reasonable depth. The St. Regis will bear the first year providing they have plenty of water, and do not require the trellising as the Cuthberts or the California Surprise do. They should be trellised after the first year so as to support the vines and crop. Raspberries should be planted about 3 feet apart in the rows and the rows 6 feet apart.

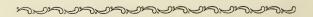
BLACKBERRIES-

	10	100	1000
Mammoth Black	.\$1.00	\$5.00	\$35.00
Cory Thornless	. 1.00	5.00	35.00
Himalaya	. 1.00	5.00	25.00
Crandle	. 1.00	5.00	35.00
Macatawa	. 1.50	6.00	40.00

Blackberries do well in most any soil, the distance in planting varies according to the variety. Himalayas and Mammoth Thornless, which are strong growers, should be spaced at least 8 feet in the rows and rows 7 feet apart. Crandle and Macatawa should be planted about 5 feet in the rows and rows 7 feet apart. Crandle do not require any trellis to grow on, but the Mammoth and Himalaya should be trained by evenly spaced wires running between single stakes.

BLACK CAPS RASPBERRIES-

	10	100	1000
Cumberland	\$1.00	\$4.00	\$25.00
King of the Cliff	1.00	4.00	25.00



RHUBARB ROOTS—

· E	ach	10	100
Giant Winter, 1-yr\$.15	\$1.00	\$ 8.00
Giant Winter, 2-yr	.25	2.00	15.00
Wagner Cherry,			
2-yr., No. 1	.40	3.00	
2-yr., No. 2	.25	2.00	
Wagner Giant Seeds		.\$10.00	per lb.

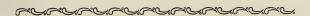
ASPARAGUS ROOTS-

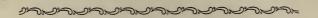
FERTILIZER

Barnyard manure spread broadcast on the land after it is plowed and thoroughly disced in is the best thing you can do to add fertility to the land, and to get better growth on berry plants, and fruit.

DECIDUOUS				
PEACH AND PLUMS-				
		Each	10	100
All varieties, 4 to 3 to	6	ft\$.50	\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to	4	ft35	3.00	25.00
COTS, PEARS AND API	PL	ES-		
		Each	10	100
All varieties, 4 to	6	ft\$.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
3 to	4	ft35	3.00	25.00
PERSIMMONS—				
			Each	10
Hachia, 3 to 4 ft				
4 to 6 ft			1.00	8.00
GRAPES				
All good varieties of Grape Vines				
		10	100	1000
		\$1.50	\$10.00	\$50.00

Write for information on varieties





TIME OF SHIPMENT

We commence to fill Fall orders November 1st and ship all winter to sections suitable for Fall and Winter planting. For early Spring, March and April are the best months for berry planting. Our shipping season ends about May 1st. Freight and express are to be paid by purchaser.

GENUINENESS

We exercise great care to keep all varieties true to name, and will replace, on proper proof, all stock that may prove otherwise. We shall not be liable for any sum greater than that paid us for only such plants as may prove untrue.



Richards Nursery & Berry Gardens

CHINO, CALIFORNIA



